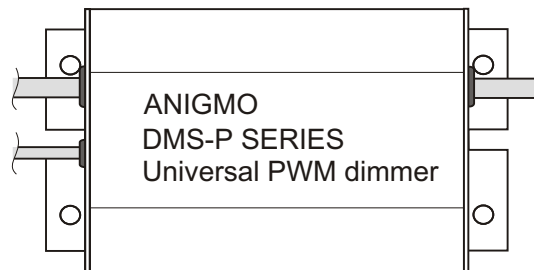


UNIVERSAL LOW VOLTAGE LED DIMMERS DMS-P SERIES



Description

DMS-P series universal PWM dimmers are designed for smooth, flicker-free dimming of all constant voltage LED modules, including MR16 bulbs as well as 12V/24V Incandescent/Halogen bulbs

DMS-P series dimmers are ideal LED dimmers for any application which calls for low voltage DC lighting for home as well as commercial and industrial applications. It can be used in recreational vehicles (RV), mobile homes and other large vehicles, such as buses and trucks.

DMS-P series dimmers include several protection features against common wiring/lamp malfunctions that can protect the installation and can be powered from DC power supply or batteries. This makes them ideal for use in marine environment such as ships, boats, yachts, sailboats and boat homes.

Features

- Smoothly dims any LED including hard to dim MR16 and G4 lamps
- Excellent dimmer for 12V/24V Incandescent/Halogen bulbs as well
- Superior safety features including Overheating, No-load, Overload and Short circuit protection with auto restart
- Can be controlled with a variety of input devices including regular wall switches
- Simple synchronization of multiple units for controlling larger loads
- Non-volatile memory for dimmer output setting
- Compact Al housing
- High frequency PWM delivers flicker-free lighting at any level
- Minimum brightness adjusted with potentiometer
- High efficiency, low power consumption

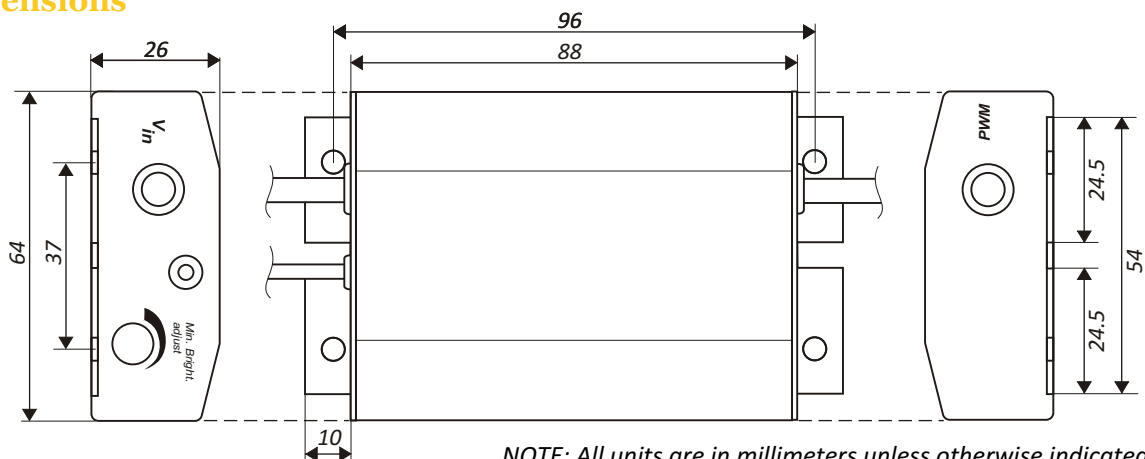
Applications

- Nautical lighting
- RV / caravan lighting
- Low voltage lighting
- Applications when high reliability and safety of installation is needed
- Dimming of MR16, MR11, G4 and other LED lamps with integrated current controller
- Dimming of incandescent low voltage bulbs
- Dimming of any 12/24V DC constant voltage LED module such as:
Flexible and Rigid Strips, Rope Light, Rigid Light Bars, Under-cabinet Lights etc.

Specifications

TECHNICAL DATA	DMS-1700-P	DMS-2500-P
Supply input voltage range nom:	12 - 24 V DC	12 - 24 V DC
Supply input voltage (min - max):	6 - 30 V DC	6 - 30 V DC
Supply Input current:	17A	25A
Output current max:	17A	25A
Output load max:	200W@12VDC / 400W@24VDC	300W@12VDC / 600W@24VDC
Control voltage:	1-10 V DC (0V - OFF)	
Control current max:	0.1mA	
Control:	0-10 V controls, Pot 100K Ohm, Dry Contact, Open collector	
Dimming mode:	PWM	
Operating frequency:	390 Hz	
Dimming range:	0-100%	
Dimming resolution:	65.000 steps	
Temperature range:	0 °C to +50 °C	
No-Load proof:	Yes	
Short circuit protection:	Yes, automatic shutoff, reversible	
Overload protection:	Yes, automatic shutoff, reversible	
Overheating protection:	Yes, reversible	
Input and output connections:	Stripped wire (AWG 12 for power wires, AWG 21 for signal wires)	
Housing dimensions (W x D x H):	64mm x 88mm x 26mm (2.5" x 3.45" x 1")	

Dimensions



Installation

Connect the unit according to the control signal used (see connection diagrams below).

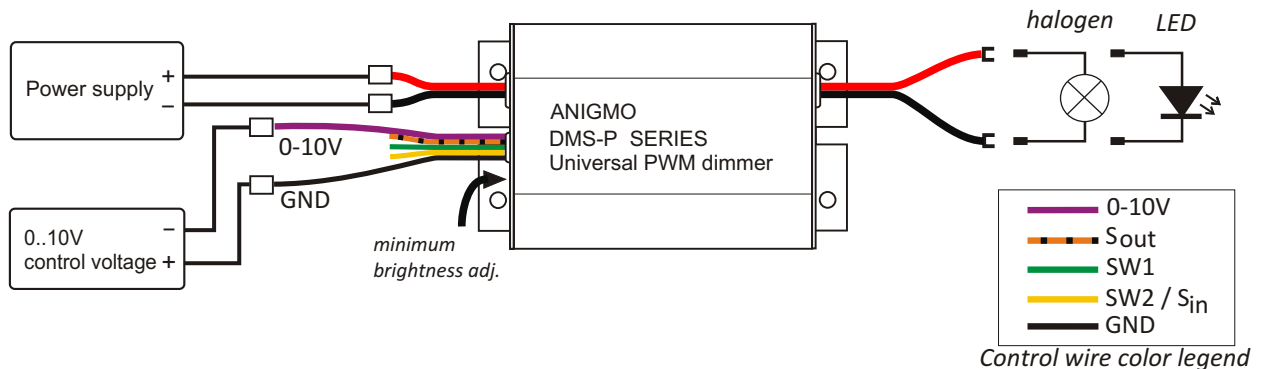
A unit can be mounted using screws, double-sided tape or cable ties.

Sufficient heat dissipation of the device needs to be ensured. The ambient temperature must not exceed 50°C.

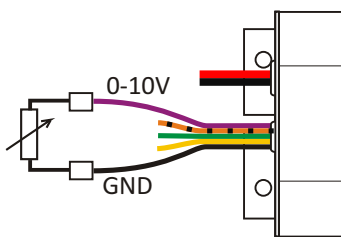
Power supply and load wires should have a sufficient diameter to minimize a voltage drop across the wires. If the voltage drop is too large, flickering of the lights and unstable operation is possible.

When long supply wires are used, it is recommended that a buffering capacitor of several 10.000uF (low ESR type) of appropriate voltage is used. The capacitor should be connected to the dimmer power supply input. Using a buffering capacitor will also filter and significantly decrease RFI emitted from supply wires.

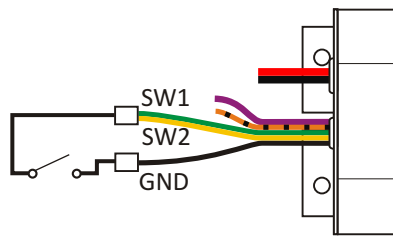
Installation diagrams



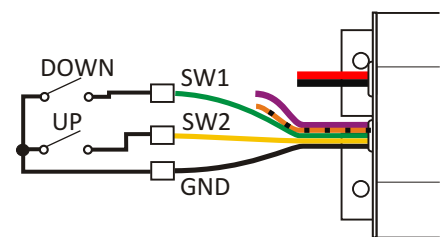
Wiring diagram for 0-10V control



potentiometer control



single switch control



UP/DOWN switch control

INSTALLATION CONSIDERATIONS:

Power should be turned off during installation.

All connections should be secure, connector screws should be tightened.

After connecting the wires, turn the power on. Set the dimmer to the lowest setting. Using minimum brightness control trimmer, set the desired minimum brightness.

INPUT SIGNAL CONSIDERATIONS:

If using 0-10V control, make sure that the negative wire of the 0-10V control is not shared (take the same path) with power negative. The 0-10V negative should be connected as close as possible to the dimmer.

Wires (especially negative wires) should be connected in such way to avoid large ground loops.

If ground loops can't be eliminated, a SDU signal conditioning unit should be used (see SDU signal conditioning unit for connection diagrams).

Source of 0-10V control signal should be stable.

OUTPUT CONSIDERATIONS:

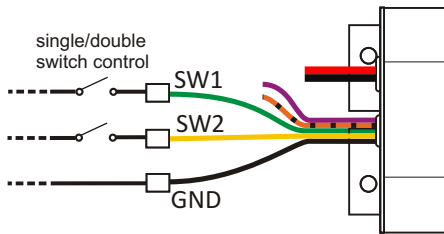
Output wires should be as short as possible. If possible, connect the dimmer close to the load.

If mounting the dimmer close to the load is not possible, make sure that positive and negative load wires do not form a large loop area. Load wires should run as close as possible to reduce EMI.

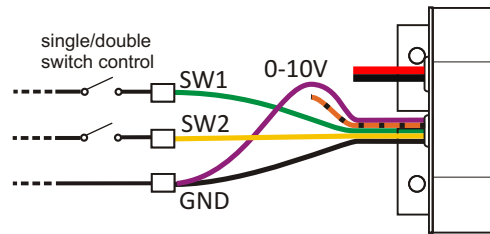
For further reduction of EMI, positive and negative load wires can be twisted or shielded and grounded cable can be used.

Power-on output state selection

When the dimmer is powered on or when it loses power for a short time it sets its output to the power-on state. This state depends on the control used. If controlled by 0-10V voltage or 100k potentiometer the power-on state is set by voltage/resistance on its 0-10V input. If the dimmer is controlled by a momentary switches the power-on states can be selected by following connections:

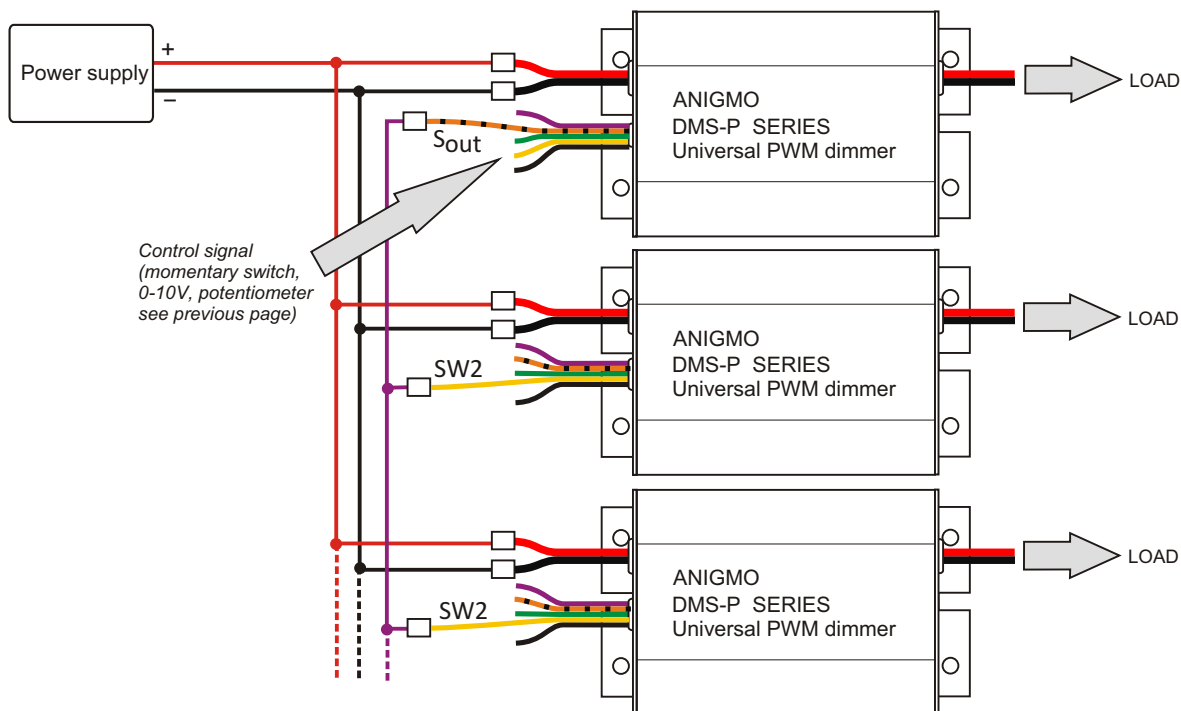


Dimmer goes to the "last set state" stored in the non-volatile memory at power on/power loss.



Dimmer remains "off" at power on / power loss (0-10V input is tied to the ground)

Synchronizing multiple units



Several DMS-P series dimmers can be synchronized to:

- **control larger load.** If loads, larger than a single dimmer capacity need to be controlled, several dimmers can share the load. In theory unlimited number of units can be synchronized, but in practice wiring limits connection of 5-10 units.
- **control multiple dimmers with single push button control.** When control switch is connected to multiple dimmer unit inputs, dimmers can become unsynchronized due to small timing differences between units, even if they receive the same switch control. When multiple units are synchronized they can be controlled by a single switch control
- **control multiple dimmers with single potentiometer.** Potentiometer can control only one unit. When multiple units are synchronized they can be controlled by a single potentiometer.

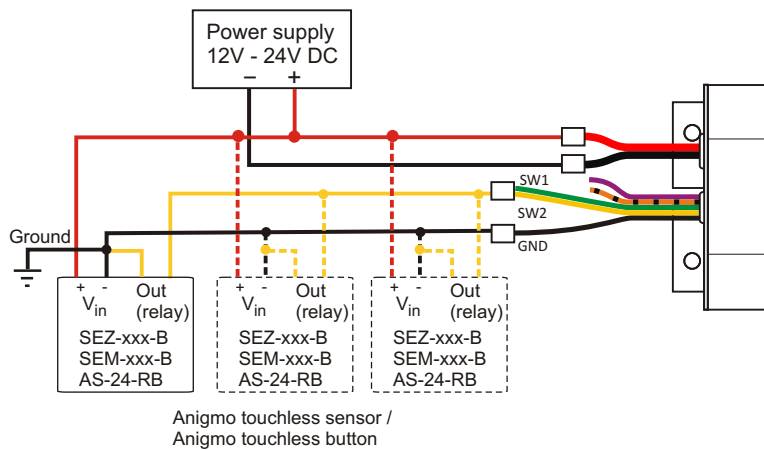
NOTE: Above connection diagram shows a single power supply powering all dimmers. Each dimmer can use its own power supply, but ground (negative wire) of all power supplies must be connected together

NOTE: It is possible to mix different types of DMS-P series dimmers in above connection

IMPORTANT: Outputs of separate dimmers should not be connected in parallel. Each should control its own set of lamps.

Application notes

using ANIGMO touchless sensor/button to control DMS-P universal dimmer



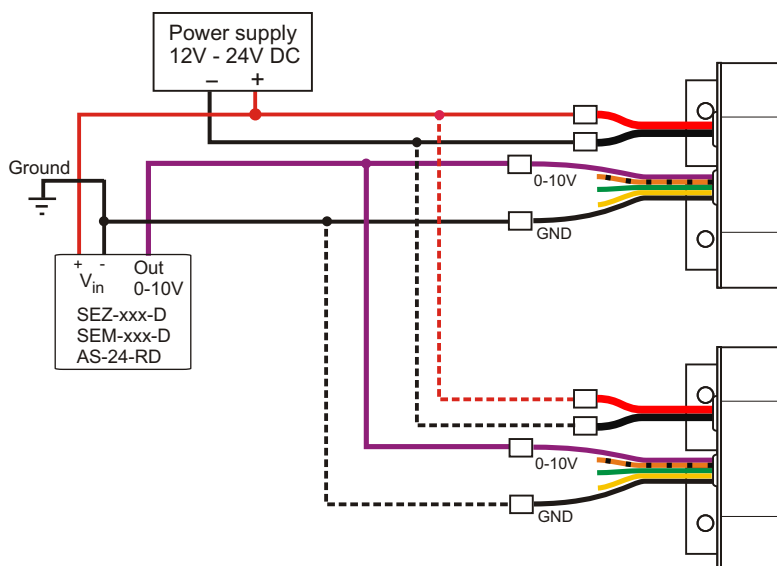
Any touchless sensor or button with relay or OC output can be used to control DMS-P series universal dimmer.

Multiple sensors can be connected in parallel to control a single dimmer.

Mechanical push buttons and touchless sensors with relay or OC output can both be connected in parallel to control a single dimmer.

DMS-P dimmers should not be connected in parallel when controlled with push button or touchless sensor with relay or OC output. To connect multiple DMS-P dimmers in parallel, use 0-10V control signal.

using ANIGMO touchless sensor with 0-10V output to control DMS-P universal dimmer



Any touchless sensor or button with 0-10V output can be used to control DMS-P series universal dimmer.

Multiple DMS-P series dimmers can be controlled by 0-10V signal.

Outputs of DMS-P dimmers with inputs connected in parallel should not be connected in parallel.